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# What Is Mexico's Political System

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## **MATHEWS RICE**

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Mexico's Political Stability Rowman & Littlefield Publishers

The recent democratization and renewed federalism have reshaped Mexican political representative institutions and affected women's representation. This book examines the conditions that influence the levels and practices of women's representation in a revitalized federal political structure.

*Mexico's Dilemma* Oxford University Press

Initiated in the mid-1970s, Mexico's program of political reform was designed to provide a new opportunity for political competition. In this book, contributors examine the significance political mobilization has had and the extent to which the reform has served as a vehicle for defusing discontent in the wake of Mexico's failed oil-based development. The Politics of Mexican Development Oxford University Press, USA Seminar paper from the year 2017 in the subject Business economics - Economic Policy, grade: 1,3, Schmalkalden University of Applied Sciences, language:

English, abstract: Mexico, the second largest economy in Latin America, finds itself confronted with several internal and external issues. In the prior year, the country experienced a decline of the economic growth. Major reasons are on the one hand, the uncertain future after the presidential election of Donald Trump, as well as the decreasing industrial production of the main trade partner, the USA. In consequence, the oil price fell, and the Mexican currency lost 20% of their value. On the other hand, the domestic market is strongly influenced by misallocation of educational funds, failed

reforms, which increased the income inequality and organized crime. This essay will reflect briefly on these topics, to give a short overview of the country's economic background and the current situation. Furthermore, certain information about society, history and the political system will be provided to allow the reader a full insight into these connected topics.

Opening Mexico A&C Black

Study of political leadership and economic growth in Mexico from 1935 to 1970 - covers foreign investment, industrial development, rural development, income distribution, land tenure, agrarian reform, political parties, employment, the balance of payments, etc. Bibliography pp. 239 to 248, references and statistical tables.

*The Paradox of Revolution* Bloomsbury Publishing

This book is a collection of essays on the Mexican transition to democracy that offers reflections on different aspects of civic culture, the political process, electoral struggles, and critical junctures. They were written at different points in time and even though they have been corrected and adapted, they have kept the tension and fervour with which they were

originally created. They provide the reader with a vision of what goes on behind those horrifying images that depict Mexico as a country plagued by narco-trafficking groups and subjected to unbridled homicidal violence. These images hide the complex political reality of the country and the accidents and shocks democracy has suffered.

**Politics in Mexico** Farrar, Straus and Giroux

Since achieving independence from Spain and establishing its first constitution in 1824, Mexico has experienced numerous political upheavals. The country's long and turbulent journey toward democratic, representative government has been marked by a tension between centralized, autocratic governments (historically depicted as a legacy of colonial institutions) and federalist structures. The years since Mexico's independence have seen a major violent social revolution, years of authoritarian rule, and, finally, in the past two decades, the introduction of a fair and democratic electoral process. Over the course of the thirty-one essays in *The Oxford Handbook of Mexican Politics* some of the world's leading scholars of

Mexico will provide a comprehensive view of the remarkable transformation of the nation's political system to a democratic model. In turn they will assess the most influential institutions, actors, policies and issues in its current evolution toward democratic consolidation. Following an introduction by Roderic Ai Camp, sections will explore the current state of Mexico's political development; transformative political institutions; the changing roles of the military, big business, organized labor, and the national political elite; new political actors including the news media, indigenous movements, women, and drug traffickers; electoral politics; demographics and political attitudes; and policy issues.

**An Eternal Struggle** Lynne Rienner Publishers

A comprehensive view of the remarkable transformation of Mexico's political system to a democratic model. The contributors to this volume assess the most influential institutions, actors, policies and issues in the country's current evolution toward democratic consolidation.

*Politics in Mexico* University of Wales Press  
In recent years historical developments

and theoretical reorientations have given rise to a renaissance of the study of political culture. Mexican studies are no exception to this trend. Scholarly interest in the issues of democratization, transition and

**Mexican Politics** Oxford University Press  
The Origins of Mexican National Politics includes the first four essays from Scholarly Resource's highly regarded book, *The Evolution of the Mexican Political System*. With articles by leading American, Mexican, and Canadian scholars, this volume is an excellent introduction to the politics of early national Mexico. The authors focus on the politics, processes, and institutions of Mexico during the first half of the nineteenth century. *The Origins of Mexican National Politics* is ideal for scholars and students researching the political history of Mexico and seeking to understand its evolution.

*Mexican Politics In Transition* Urbana, U. of Illinois P

*The Mexican Political System in Transition* Contemporary Mexican Politics Rowman & Littlefield  
*Governing Mexico* Routledge

*Mexican Politics* offers an accessible and timely introduction to politics in Mexico through a concise text with supplemental readings and case studies that allow students to explore key topics in depth. One of the United States' most important trading partners, Mexico is an important international supplier of oil, is the source country of millions of Mexicans in the United States (and millions more Mexican-Americans), and forms a 1,200-mile border, critical for stemming immigration and drug traffic, and crucial for preserving US and hemispheric security. Indeed, globalization has brought increased flows of people and trade with Mexico, highlighted by Mexico's growing dependence on the US as well as the importance of Mexico to the US. Key features include: 2-3 outside readings with every chapter to highlight competing perspectives on central topics. A brief overview of the historical context of democratization, to better situate contemporary political and economic "rules of the game." Focus on the institutions and structures of today's Mexican political system, taking a "separation of powers" approach familiar

to U.S. students of politics. Full treatment of the changes in Mexico's economic and regulatory structures. Highlights how Mexico's unique political history and political structure have shaped policy-making in key economic, political and social areas. An appendix with 6 case studies for role-playing activities  
*The Mexican Political System* Rowman & Littlefield

This book analyzes the crisis Mexico experienced in 1982 on the basis of the historical evolution of Mexico's political and economic structures. The author's purpose in writing this book is to provide an interpretation of Mexico's current problems in order to analyze what must be done to solve some profound dilemmas and to restructure Mexican society. The main dilemma Mexico faces is its vanishing consensus.

**Hope and Frustration** Rowman & Littlefield

This book provides an overview of Mexico's political evolution since it became independent from Spain in 1821, and its current constitutional arrangements, principles and structures. The aim is to explain this evolution as the

result of struggles between the interests and ideologies of different groups within Mexican society, each with a different political vision of how the State should be organised. Chapter 1 reviews Mexico's constitutional trajectory, and explains why democracy, republicanism, federalism, separation of state and church, protection of fundamental rights and the Nation's ownership of mineral resources first became constitutional principles. Chapters 2, 3, 4 and 5 deal respectively with democracy and the electoral system, and the legislative, executive and judicial branches of federal government. Chapter 6 introduces the institutional structure of Mexico's federal system, while Chapter 7 discusses the rules, principles and institutions for the protection of human rights. Chapter 8 examines the constitutional regime of Mexico's economy. The conclusion explains how a series of factors has combined to produce a gap between the formal Constitution and what can be seen as the living Constitution; bridging that gap presents Mexican politics and society with one of its great contemporary challenges.

Mexican Politics University of London Press

Thoroughly grounded in Mexican history and based on extensive field research, this introduction to the politics of Mexico, now in its third edition, examines the roots of Mexico's contemporary political culture. *Politics in Mexico* not only explores the structure of government and its electoral process but also looks at the impact of the political and economic modernization since 1988 and the possibilities for Mexico's future. Completely updated throughout, this text includes the 1997 electoral data and polling material as well as expanded sections on women, drug-related corruption, the armed forces in Mexico, and nongovernmental organizations and human rights groups. A new discussion of the influence of recent congressional and judicial reforms on decision making is included as well. Comparing Mexico's political processes to those of the U.S. and other nations, *Politics in Mexico* also offers a far-reaching examination of American influence on domestic Mexican politics. Engaging and clearly written by one of the top scholars in the field, this text is essential reading for courses in Mexican or Latin American politics, comparative politics, and Mexican

history.

Decentralization In Mexico Routledge

This thoroughly revised and updated edition of Needler's well-known text brings his comprehensive examination and analysis of Mexican politics up through the 1994 Mexican elections. Copyright © Libri GmbH. All rights reserved.

Cambridge University Press

Ard examines Mexico's long transition to democracy and the vital role played by the National Action Party, an opposition system party inspired by Catholic social doctrine and dedicated to democratic values. Ard examines the problem of democratic transitions by focusing on Mexico's National Action Party (PAN), a democratic opposition party based on Catholic social doctrine. The 2000 defeat of Mexico's long-time ruling Institutional Revolutionary Party was more than the displacement of one ruling clique by another. More profoundly, Fox's stunning victory closed the book on a persistent political-religious conflict—a great party conflict—that had dogged Mexico since its break with the Spanish Empire. The 2000 election represented the end of a long conversion process, a reconciliation

between Mexico's Catholic and Revolutionary political traditions, and the forging of a new national political consensus. Ard examines Mexico's long transition to democracy in which the PAN, an opposition system party inspired by Catholic social doctrine and dedicated to democratic values, played a vital role. The book begins with a theoretical framework to understanding the Mexican transition, with an emphasis placed on the importance of conciliation, political liberties, and the democratic opposition party. Ard then addresses the fundamental church-state cleavage and how it shaped Mexico's great parties. He then looks at the founding of the National Action Party, a reforming system party that broke the great party mold. The bulk of his analysis centers on the details of the political transition and the challenges ahead for Mexican democracy. This book is of particular importance to scholars, students, and researchers involved with Mexican politics and history, and Latin American Studies in general.

**Critiques of the Mexican Political System** Greenwood

Now in a thoroughly updated edition, this

comprehensive and engaging text explores contemporary Mexico's political development and examines the most important policy issues facing Mexico in the twenty-first century. The first half of the book traces Mexican political development after the 1910 Revolution and the creation of a single-party dominant system headed by the PRI (Institutional Revolutionary Party). It includes detailed treatment of the "classic" PRI system's characteristics, as well as a thorough account of the PRI's demise and an insightful examination of how the country's institutions evolved under two successive PAN (National Action Party) presidential administrations before returning to PRI rule. The second half of the book analyzes the most pressing policy issues confronting Mexican society today—including macroeconomic growth and stability, poverty and inequality, the development of civil society, combating drug trafficking, strengthening the rule of law, and migration—and weighs their influence on the future of democracy in Mexico. The text to this revised edition is richly supplemented by new figures and tables that illustrate broad political, social,

and economic trends and by boxes that provide in-depth treatment of a variety of subjects and concepts. Readers will find this widely praised book continues to be the most current and accessible work available on Mexico's politics and policy. A test bank for instructors is available through [textbooks@rowman.com](mailto:textbooks@rowman.com). A website with study guides and links to online resources is available at <https://contemporarymexicanpolitics.wordpress.com>

**North American Free Trade Agreement, Mexico's Political and Legal Environment for Doing Business** Routledge

This volume offers an overview of party politics in Mexico, with a special focus on the 1997 mid-term congressional elections. In Mexico the three main political parties have led the advances towards democratic governability. Chapters on the PRI (Partido Revolucionario Institucional), the PAN (Partido Acción Nacional) and PRD (Partido de la Revolución Democrática) examine the responses of these three leading parties to changing electoral challenges. As competition for the vote increased,

these parties have been forced to adapt and to introduce changes in their organization. These changes have had wider implications for the development of the party system. In consequence, this volume is more than the study of leading competing parties in Mexico. It also analyses the behaviour of the Mexican electorate and the changing institutional setting that underpins both the nature of political parties and the patterns of competition and co-operation.

*Mexico's political stability* Westview Pr  
An exploration of the interrelated trends of

Mexico's transitional politics and society. Offering perspectives on the problems on the Mexican agenda, the authors discuss the politics of change, the challenges of social development, and how to build a mutually beneficial US-Mexico relationship.

*Mexico. Political System, Society, History, Economy and Obstacles to Economic Growth* University of Texas at Austin, Institute of Latin American Studies  
Content includes: Recent Events in Perspective 1994 and Beyond The Right Jesus Gonzalez Schmal Pablo Emilio Madero Belden The Center Cuauhtemoc

Cardenas Solorzano Portirio Munoz Ledo The Left Jorge Alcocer Villanueva Heberto Castillo Martinez Editor Carlos B. Gil, a native of southern California, received his bachelor's degree from Seattle University and his master's degree from Georgetown University. He then joined the U.S. Foreign Service and worked in connection with cultural affairs in Honduras and Chile. Upon resigning, he attended the University of California at Los Angeles, where he obtained a Ph.D. in history. He has been teaching at the University of Washington since 1974.

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